Unconventional phase transitions in low-dimensional transition metal oxides involving t_2g electrons

Young S. Lee

Department of Physics, MIT, Room 13-2153,77 Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge, MA 02139

Abstract

We have performed x-ray scattering, magnetic susceptibility, and heat capacity measurements on TiOCl single crystals. Structurally TiOCl consists of buckled square lattice titanium-oxide layers separated by chlorine. Electronically, the titanium ions are in the d^1 configuration and have spin 1/2, similar to the undoped parent compounds of the superconducting cuprates. The magnetic exchange coupling is J 60 meV. On cooling, the susceptibility begins to fall around 100 K, followed by an additional sharp drop at 65 K. Our x-ray measurements reveal a dimerization of the lattice along the b-direction at low temperatures, indicative of a spin-Peierls transition. There are differences, however, and the low temperature transition does not follow conventional spin-Peierls behavior. Implications for neutron scattering experiments will be discussed. If time permits, recent results on superconducting single crystals of Na_{0.3}CoO₂+H₂0 will also be discussed.